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	GANNON, STEPHEN WASTELL, JAMES A.
	OSBURN, and ERIC HUGHES aka JON
	WHITELEY, collectively known as the United

Screen Actors Committee (USAC), Plaintiffs

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, WESTERN DIVISION

ED ASNER, CLANCY BROWN, GEORGE COE, TOM BOWER, DENNIS HAYDEN. WILLIAM RICHERT, LOUIS REEKO MESEROLE, TERRENCE BEASOR, ALEX MCARTHUR, ED O'ROSS, ROGER CALLARD, STEVEN BARR, RUSSELL GANNON, STEPHEN WASTELL, JAMES A. OSBURN, and ERIC HUGHES aka JON WHITELEY, collectively known as the United Screen Actors Committee (USAC), Plaintiffs.

V.

SCREEN ACTORS GUILD - AMERICAN REALIZATION, LLC.

Defendants.

Case No.: 13 CV-3741 R (FFMx)

PLAINTIFFS OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO STRIKE

Hearing: October 7, 2013

Courtroom: 8 Time: 10:00 a.m.

Action Filed:

May 28, 2013

Trial Date: None

INTRODUCTION

Although Rule 12(f) motions are generally disfavored in the law,

PLAINTIFFS OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO STRIKE

FEDERATION OF TELEVISION AND RADIO ARTISTS, a labor organization commonly known as SAG-AFTRA and its GUILD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

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Defendants seek to strike certain paragraphs because they challenge the relevancy of purportedly superfluous statements in the Complaint concerning 1) Escheat laws and SAG-AFTRA's recent incorporation in Delaware; 2) Entertainment Strategies Group (ESG) where SAG's former General Counsel, David White, and now SAG-AFTRA's National Executive Director, was employed contemporaneous with the criminal escapades of ESG's Mark Dreier which landed him in federal prison for investment fraud, at a time when issues about SAG's handling and wrongful conversion of multi-millions of dollars of Residuals as well as Foreign/Royalties/Foreign Levies were unfolding; and 3) historical and current references to Jay Roth, the head of the Directors Guild of America (DGA), and Robert Hadl, a former executive of Universal City Studios (MCA) who now serves as a Labor Consultant to Producers and Labor Organizations, including the DGA, the Writers Guild of America (WGA), and SAG.

Because this case involves issues about financial transgressions and the failure to pay monies owing to performers, it should be noted that all three labor organizations on whose behalf Jay Roth and Robert Hadl testified before Congress in 1993, were sued by the same Class Action Counsel, Neville Johnson and Paul Kiesel, for unlawfully converting Foreign Royalties/Foreign Levies which Union members, as well as non-members claimed were due and owing directly to them, pursuant to the laws of foreign countries. (See Remand

Order of the Honorable Margaret Morrow, USAC Request for Judicial Notice [USAC Req.Jud.Not.] at Exhibit "2", at page 3, and 13 and footnote 24.) The failure to escheat same, let alone to provide an bonafide accounting relative to SAG and now SAG-AFTRA receipts and disbursements in these regards, prompts pursuit of the instant action.

Defendants say each of the paragraphs it seeks to strike in the Complaint are "immaterial" or "impertinent". However, just because Defendants Motion says so, does not mean the Motion to Strike is worthy of granting, particularly since Defendants also argue that the Complaint is devoid of particularity to support claims for punitive damages in its Motion to Dismiss. Ironically, the very statements which Defendants want to strike portray a Union and its leadership, as well as Labor Consultants, clearly indifferent to federally mandated LMRDA requirements requiring transparency and accountability in Union finances, as well as access to Union contracts, not to mention the right to timely learn about and to vote upon whether to ratify or reject such contracts. These requirements have been ignored deliberately, placing the pecuniary interests of the Union above those of its members, notwithstanding 29 U.S.C. Section 501.

II) FACTUAL STATEMENT

As the Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss reflects, this case is about a blatant refusal of SAG-AFTRA and their predecessors to account for

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and distribute Residuals as well as Foreign Royalties/Foreign Levies to their rightful owners, for what has now turned out to be more than a decade.

A) ESCHEAT LAWS

Defendants object to references about SAG-AFTRA incorporating in Delaware upon merger, even though SAG, who possessed the lionshare of monies in trust abandoned California as its domicile for incorporation purposes where tough Escheat laws otherwise exist to protect owners of unclaimed property. (Motion to Strike at page 2/lines 16-page 3, line 12, seeking to strike Paragraph 22: page 18, lines 12 - 22 of the Complaint). Although Defendants may claim they did not engage in forum shopping to find more lenient escheat laws, the failure of SAG and AFTRA to comply with Escheat laws, in lieu of amassing a sizeable fortune in an unregulated, non-ERISA trust, is precisely why the motivations of Defendants are at issue herein. In fact, as the Declaration of undersigned counsel reflects, even the *Hollywood Reporter* has sought to sanitize the failure to escheat Residuals claiming there was an Agreement with the State Controller's office dated March 30, 2005 authorizing SAG to hold onto its monies, on the guise the Union is operating an "employee benefit" fund. (Wise Decl., ¶ 14 and Exhibits "L" and "M"). However, upon inquiry, defense counsel at the Early Meeting of Counsel indicated a letter from the State Controller's Office does not exist in these regards. (Wise Decl., ¶ 14.)

Thus, it will be most interesting to see what evidence is hereinafter

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offered to excuse SAG's lengthy retention of monies, let alone to justify why SAG-AFTRA has now incorporated in Delaware, a far more lenient State relative to Unclaimed Property Law (UPL).

According to the labor organization's federally mandated LM-2s and 990 filings which this Court is requested to take judicial notice of, USAC Req.Jud.Not., Exhibit 28, SAG and now SAG-AFTRA over the course of the past ten years, has amassed more than One Hundred and Thirty Million (\$130,000,000.00) in a non-ERISA "trust", originally designated as "held in trust for members", and now simply labeled as "held in trust for others" notwithstanding California's Unclaimed Property Law, California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1500—1582, which would have required escheating of certain of these monies to the State of California, long before now.

Manipulation of who monies are owing to, while also claiming it has been unable to pay out Residuals as well as Foreign Royalties/Foreign Levies because of an antiquated computer system, are suspect and provide a motivation to want to escape California's UPL in favor of Delaware. See Newspaper Articles decrying stockpiling of Unclaimed Residuals and excuses for inability to distribute same which surfaced in the early 2000's and persists to this day, USAC Req.Jud.Not., at Exhibit 30.

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B) ROLES OF PRIMARY PLAYERS AND MISHANDLING OF UNION FUNDS, COUPLED BY REFUSAL TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF UNION RECORDS

The Union's federal filings show the expenditure of millions of dollars on computer purchases of hardware and software, as well as IT maintenance, during the same period of time the deposits in the "trust" have grown, and the number of Unclaimed Residuals has skyrocketed as well. (USAC Req.Jud.Not., Exh. 28.) Increased expenses for companies that disburse monies to members, and for consultants affiliated with ESG, including Sallie Weaver, as well as Producers, including Robert Hadl, and substantial payments to the DGA where Jay Roth is the Executive Director, are worthy of review by this Court and certainly justify the references to which Defendants now take exception. The computer expenditures alone warrant special attention since the Union has its own Technology and Residual and Foreign Royalties Departments, with SAG-AFTRA refusing to permit inspection of financial records of receipts and disbursements and has thwarted all attempts for auditing of records of Residuals as well as Foreign Royalties/Foreign Levies received. See Declaration of Clancy Brown, ¶¶ 3-9 and Exhibits "A"-"D" as well as the Declarations of Helena S. Wise, ¶¶ 2-5 and Exhibits "E"-"I" regarding notice and demands for transparency and accountability; also see glaring discrepancies in financial records produced in Osmond with those submitted in federal filings. USAC

Req.Jud.Not., Exhibits 28 and 29. Also see Declaration of Eric Hughes.

The fact that Jay Roth and Robert Hadl told Congress in 1993 that they were seeking to obtain the broadest implementation of national treatment in intellectual property for all US performers, writers, directors, and producers in the field of international copyright and trade, particularly since millions of dollars were being taken by foreign countries, cannot be overlooked. (USAC Req.Jud.Not., Exh. 1, Congressional Testimony.) The fact these two individuals have now permitted the Labor Unions to claim superior entitlements to said monies, which foreign countries agreed to pay to US performers, writers, directors and producers, forcing the bringing of three Class Actions, not to mention the instant lawsuit, not only offers a historical perspective, but demonstrates the extreme web these parties have woven to steal money that rightfully belongs to US performers, if not others as well.

III) ARGUMENT

A) STRIKING ESCHEAT ALLEGATIONS ARE WRONG

Accordingly, references to SAG-AFTRA suddenly incorporating in Delaware upon merger, with SAG, who possessed the lionshare of monies in trust abandoning California as its domicile for incorporation purposes where tough Escheat laws exist to protect owners of unclaimed property must not be stricken. (Motion to Strike at page 2/lines 16-page 3, line 12, seeking to strike Paragraph 22: page 18, lines 12 - 22 of the Complaint). Although Defendants may claim they did not engage in

forum shopping to find more lenient escheat laws, the failure of SAG and AFTRA to comply with Escheat laws, in lieu of amassing a sizeable fortune in an unregulated, non-ERISA trust, is precisely why the motivations of Defendants are at issue herein. In fact, as the Declaration of undersigned counsel reflects, even the *Hollywood Reporter* has sought to sanitize the failure to escheat Residuals as well as Foreign Royalties/Foreign Levies claiming there was an Agreement with the State Controller's office dated March 30, 2005 authorizing SAG to hold onto its monies, which defense counsel has now denied the existence of. (Wise Decl., ¶ 14 and Exh. "L" and "M").

According to the labor organization's federally mandated LM-2s and 990 filings which this Court is requested to take judicial notice of, USAC Req.Jud.Not., Exhibits 28 and 29, SAG and now SAG-AFTRA over the course of the past ten years, has amassed more than One Hundred and Thirty Million (\$130,000,000.00) in a non-ERISA "trust", originally designated as "held in trust for members", and now simply labeled as "held in trust for others" notwithstanding California's Unclaimed Property Law, California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1500—1582, which would have required escheating of certain of these monies to the State of California, long before now. Also see *Screen Actors Guild vs. Cory* (1979), 91 Cal.App.3d 111.

Manipulation of who monies are owing to, while also claiming it has been unable to pay out Residuals as well as Foreign Royalties/Foreign Levies because of an antiquated computer system, are suspect and provide a

motivation to want to escape California's UPL in favor of Delaware.

B) STRIKING REFERENCES TO THE PIVOTAL PLAYERS IN THESE FINANCIAL DEALINGS ARE INAPPROPRIATE

In light of these facts, a trier of fact could draw inferences as to why this labor organization has refused to comply with its obligations under the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 ("LMRDA"), 29 USC §§ 401, et seq.. Maintenance of an unregulated "slush" fund, with the capability of generating millions in interest, while Mark Dreier, now incarcerated for investment fraud, was closely affiliated with top executives of SAG who have resisted disclosures, while Robert Hadl and Jay Roth have fought to make certain that the rightful owners of Foreign Levies did not receive same, is precisely what Congress intended to avoid when reinforcing reporting and disclosure requirements. 29 USC Section 431. Also see written decision of Seventh Circuit in which Chief Judge Posner and Circuit Judges Manion and Kanne found that a refusal to permit review and access to Union records was because of a desire to hide corrupt practices within the Postal Workers Union which cannot be condoned by the courts. Kinslow vs. American Postal Workers, 223 F 3d 269 (7th Cir., 2000).

Dated: September 16, 2013

LAW OFFICES OFHERENA S.WISE

Helena S. Wise, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiffs USAC

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3-cv-03741-R-FFM Document of Filed 09/16/13 Page 10 of 10 Page ID #:262 I have read the foregoing. and know its contents. CHECK APPLICABLE PARAGRAPH I am a party to this action. The matters stated in the foregoing document are true of my own knowledge except as to those matters which are stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true. I am an Officer a partner_____ _ a a party to this action, and am authorized to make this verification for and on its behalf, and I make this verification for that reason.

I am informed and believe and on that ground allege that the matters stated in the foregoing document are true. The matters stated in the foregoing document are true of my own knowledge except as to those matters which are stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true. I am one of the attorneys for_ a party to this action. Such party is absent from the county of aforesaid where such attorneys have their offices, and I make this verification for and on behalf of that party for that reason. I am informed and believe and on that ground allege that the matters stated in the foregoing document are true. at I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Type or Print Name Signature ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF DOCUMENT (other than summons and complaint) Received copy of document described as____ Type or Print Name Signature PROOF OF SERVICE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Los Angeles State of California. I am employed in the county of 1907. W. Burbank I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is: Suite A , Burbank, California 91506 PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION OrSeptember 16, 201B served the foregoing document described as TO MOTION TO STRIKE OL in this action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows: Robert Bush, Esa. Ira Gottlieb, Esq. BUSH GOTTLIEB SINGER LOPEZ KOHANSKI ADELSTEIN & DICKINSON 500 North Central Avenue, Suite 800 BY EMAIL 9/16/13 Glendale, California 91203-3345 AND BY_PERSONAL SERVICE 9/17/13 (BY MAIL) I caused such envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid to be placed in the United States mail _, California. Executed on-.. California. (BY PERSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices of the addressee. Executed on September 17, 2013 Burbank ___ at____ I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. (State) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was (Federal) made. Maseno PATTY VILLASENOR Type or Print Name STUARTS EXBROOK TIMESAVER (REVISED 6/83)

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